How Can An Expert GMP/CMC Lab Support Your rAAV Manufacturing Process?

Gene therapy research continues to expand due in part to new gene delivery vectors. Adeno-associated virus (AAV), a non-enveloped virus that can be engineered to deliver DNA to target cells, has attracted a significant amount of attention. Generating recombinant AAV (rAAV) particles lacking any viral genes and containing DNA sequences of interest for various therapeutic applications has proven to be one of the safest strategies for gene therapies.

Explore this infographic to learn one way rAAV products are created and the laboratory assays required to support their development and manufacturing.

Expression & Assembly



Plasmids are transfected into Human Embryonic Kidney (HEK) 293 cells

> HEK 293 cell ribosomes transcribe the plasmid- encoded genes and cofactors to replicate the rAAV genome

> > rAAV Capsids

HE

DNA

Nucleus



Lysis & Purification

HEK 293 Cells are lysed which then liberates the encapsidated rAAV genomes

Encapsidated rAAV genomes are purified for therapeutic use

rAAV, RepCap, and Helper plasmids; HEK 293 genomic DNA, and non-encapsidated rAAV genomes represent potential targets for GMP analytical assessment

Five CMC assays you'll need to ensure the quality of your rAAV



1. Encapisidated rAAV genomes are quantified and characterized by molecular methods such as quantitative real-time PCR (qPCR) or droplet digital PCR (ddPCR) assays to ensure adequate quantity of active particles are included in the final product. Potential contaminants in the



PPD® Laboratory services, GMP lab has helped customers deepen their understanding of more than 45 rAAV products and refine their manufacturing process to ensure the safety and effectiveness of their gene therapy product. Our experience and expertise span the design and validation of qPCR, ddPCR, DNA sequencing and many other assays under cGMP regulations that meet USP standards and comply with 21 CFR Part 11.

Put our expertise and experience to work for you on your next project.





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